

## The Winchester School Family Learning Newsletter (FS 1) – February 2021



Area of learning	Focus	Home activities/How can you help your child at home	Useful websites
Prime Area Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Making relationships         Keeps play going by responding to what others are saying or doing.         Self-confidence and self-awareness         Confident to talk to other children when playing, and will communicate freely about own home and community.	<ul> <li>Encourage your child to choose to play with friends in their play group or outdoor play area. Invite your child's friends at home and provide toys such as building blocks that requires children to collaborate with one another.</li> <li>Join children while playing with small world toys to encourage your child and his/her friends to share their ideas with each other and keep playing.</li> <li>Take your child to the park and encourage him/her to play and interact with other children.</li> <li>During weekends and long breaks, invite your child's friends at home to have a Play date.</li> <li>Encourage your child to talk to their friends about their favourite toy animals and why they like that toy. E.g. Where does that animal live? What food does that animal like to eat? How is this animal different from the other animals? etc.</li> </ul>	<image/> <section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header>
Communication and Language	Listening and attention: Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.	<ul> <li>Encourage your child to retell the story in their own words or read picture stories and ask questions. For example, where did the story take place (park, jungle, school, home) Encourage them to name the characters in the story and describe the story setting.</li> <li>Talk to them about the story after reading and ask them about their favourite part or what scared them or made them feel sad/excited. Use this opportunity to observe if they have understood the underlying feelings of the characters.</li> <li>Share and model being a good listener by listening and considering their responses to you.</li> </ul>	I see who, at the zoo? The mixed-up chameleon
	Speaking Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts. E.g. using and, because.	<b>Talk</b> to your child and help them narrate an event in chronological order using various connectives such as and, because. Example: We first went to the supermarket, then we went to the park <i>and</i> finally we came home for dinner. Encourage children to expand on what they say, reinforcing the use of sentences. Example: I	l am special because

		had to visit the dentist because I had a toothache.	
Physical Development	Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.	Plan activities where children can practise moving in different ways and at different speeds, balancing, throwing, rolling, kicking and catching. <b>Share</b> ideas and let your child take the lead in games such as follow the leader. Encourage children to use the vocabulary of movement, e.g. 'gallop', 'slither' and vocabulary of instruction e.g. 'follow', 'lead' and 'copy'. <b>Encourage</b> and make time to enjoy energetic play with your child daily. Have large portable equipment that children can move about safely and cooperatively to create their own structures, such as milk crates, tyres, large cardboard tubes. <b>Talk</b> about why children should take care when moving freely. Practise movement skills through games with beanbags, cones, balls and hoops.	Walk         SWIM         Image: Construction of the second
	Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. make snips in paper with child scissors.	Talk and model to your child on how to hold one-handed tools such as pencils, crayons, paint brushes, scissors, tongs, droppers, pegs and many more with their thumb and two fingers. Pencils and other writing tools are used for writing/drawing but we should use them carefully keeping in mind not to hurt others or ourselves. Share your experiences and teach children how to use tools and materials effectively and safely and give them opportunities to practise them. E.g. cutting with scissors or using gardening tools along with you.	Fine motor skills

Specific Area	Reading		
Literacy	Looks at books independently. <b>Books:</b> One day in the jungle The smartest giant in town The ant and the grasshopper The Gruffalo story Goldilocks and the three bears The selfish crocodile	Provide books containing pictures that interests children. <b>Encourage</b> them to read by themselves and share their thoughts by looking at the pictures.	Goldilocks and three bears The smartest giant in town
	Writing Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places.	<ul> <li>Talk about the marks or pictures your child see around in the environment when you visit the park, mall, and beach or while travelling on the roads.</li> <li>Encourage and talk to your child to draw and talk about different signs they see in the environment.e.g. Stop sign, traffic lights, zebra crossing etc. What do these signs mean?</li> <li>Can you make up your own sign to show what you want? e.g. Drawing food to show that they are hungry.</li> <li>Encourage children to identify signs they see frequently e.g. figures for toilets, fork and knife sign for food, clinic sign, parking sign, speed sign, etc.</li> </ul>	We are going on a bear hunt
	Jolly phonics Introducing the letter sounds- c/k, e, h and recap of s,a,t,p,i,n	<ul> <li>Encourage your child to find things around the house beginning with the letter sounds taught. Find pictures or letter sounds taught in magazines, newspaper and various print media around their environment. Make shapes of letters out of play dough or with paint. Label things at home etc.</li> <li>Encourage your child to write letters in the sand, in the air and on your back. Play word bingo where each player has to give a word beginning with a given sound.</li> </ul>	Website for Jolly phonics         https://www.starfall.com/         h/abcs/?mg=m         https://www.youtube.co         m/watch?v=zqW2hGc5Io         w

Mathematics	Numbers		
	Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number.	<ul> <li>Talk and explain to your child the concept of estimate/guess.</li> <li>Encourage your child to understand this concept by filling in 2 zip lock bags with the same amount of pastas and the third zip lock bag with a little less or more amount. Ask them to estimate/guess which two bags out of the three have the same amount.</li> <li>Helping to share out sweets/balloons so that everyone has the same amount. Sharing out is the beginnings of division.</li> <li>Create opportunities for children to separate objects into unequal groups, as well as, equal groups. Eg. Give children different coloured cars/toys/dolls/straw to sort and then encourage them to find ways to make the 2 sets equal. Should we add more or take away in order to make the two sets equal. Repeat vocabulary words like sort, more, less, same, different, equal, add, take away, altogether.</li> <li>Encourage your child to identify the place of objects by playing games involving children to position their toys inside, behind, on</li> </ul>	Preposition         Norme games on Positional Language
Understanding the World	The world Shows care and concern for living things and the	top, under a box.  Share experiences with your child as you explore both the built	
	environment.	and the natural environment with them. <b>Encourage</b> your child to talk about the things they see in the environment eg. At the mall, airport, flowers and plants in the garden, animals in the zoo, toys etc. <b>Encourage</b> and talk to your child to be kind to animals eg. No hitting, no teasing, no feeding the animals in the zoo, how to take care of pet animals. How do we take care of plants? How can we keep the parks clean? Talk to them about the importance of taking care of the environment and places like parks, beaches and malls.	Living things Living things
Expressive Art and Design	<b>Exploring and using media and materials</b> Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces.	<b>Encourage</b> and support your child to construct blocks the way they want to make their imaginary models of places and landmarks in the environment. Make suggestions and ask questions to extend children's ideas of what is possible, for example, "I wonder what would happen if we use smaller blocks than the bigger ones.	

Coming up events:		
Virtual Field Trip:	Week of 31 <sup>st</sup> January to 4 <sup>th</sup> February 2021	
Makers Day:	Thursday, 11 <sup>th</sup> February 2021	
International Mother Language Day:	Thursday, 21 <sup>st</sup> February 2021	
Mid-term Break	Tuesday, 16 <sup>th</sup> to Thursday, 18 <sup>th</sup> February 2021	